

# Case Management System

Beta (2016)

## Agenda – Morning Session



- Principles
- Background / History
- How To Provide Feedback
- Beta (2016)
  - Corporate Website
  - Case Management System
    - Opt-Out Demo
    - Infringement Demo

### Agenda – Afternoon Session



- Workshop
  - Help Create the System
  - User Feedback
  - User Stories

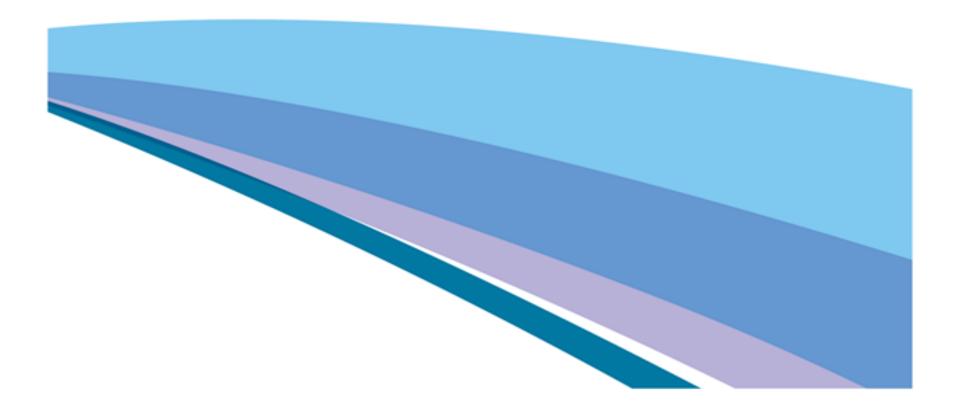
#### Mandate



- Start Annex II to the Annex of Council Document 7265/13:
  - Develop and test software:
    - Electronic filing and case management system
    - accessible on line for UPC judges and staff
    - secure exchange of documents internally and externally (between the UPC and parties, who should be able to file submissions and documents in electronic form)
  - Public on-line inspection of certain parts of the files
  - Comprehensive court website



# Approach



### Approach



- Task Based Approach
  - Join Tasks / Processes
- Configure / Show / Iterate
- Workshops
  - London
  - Stockholm
  - The Hague
  - Luxembourg
  - Dusseldorf
  - Munich
  - Rome



- New Approach to Forms/Templates
  - Analyse Rules of Procedure
  - Create Input Forms
  - Reviewed by Kevin Mooney and Drafting Committee

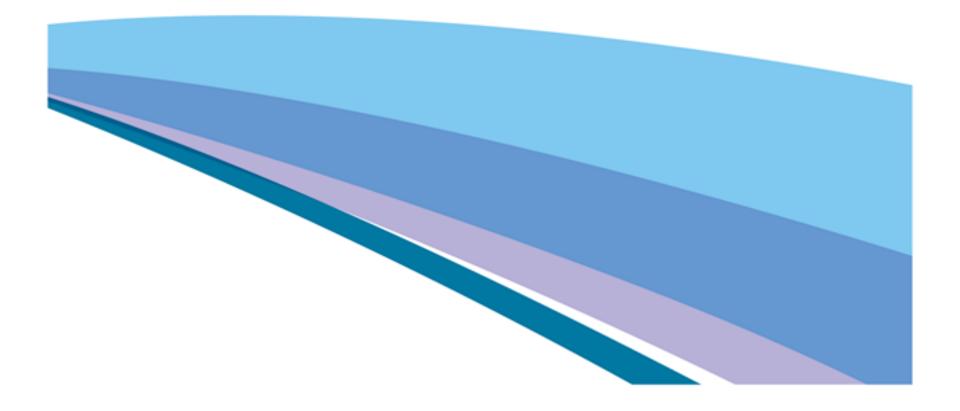
- Forms Released in Case Management System

Approved forms will have a 'certified' badge

Available for Public Comment









- Start with needs: The design process must start
  with identifying and thinking about real user needs.
  We should design around those. We must
  understand those needs thoroughly interrogating
  data, not just making assumptions and we should
  remember that what users ask for is not always what
  they need.
- Utility computing: We prefer to use services that can be provided to us by a third party as a utility (rather like a metered service based on need) as opposed to creating or managing services ourselves.



- Reuse: ICT will be made up of components that can be used in many different situations and shared more widely between different parts of the UPC and partners, rather than each problem or requirement being addressed individually.
- Open Standards: We strongly prefer technologies that are openly available, rather than the exclusive property or product of a particular company or organisation. – ODF v1.2 Internal Documents



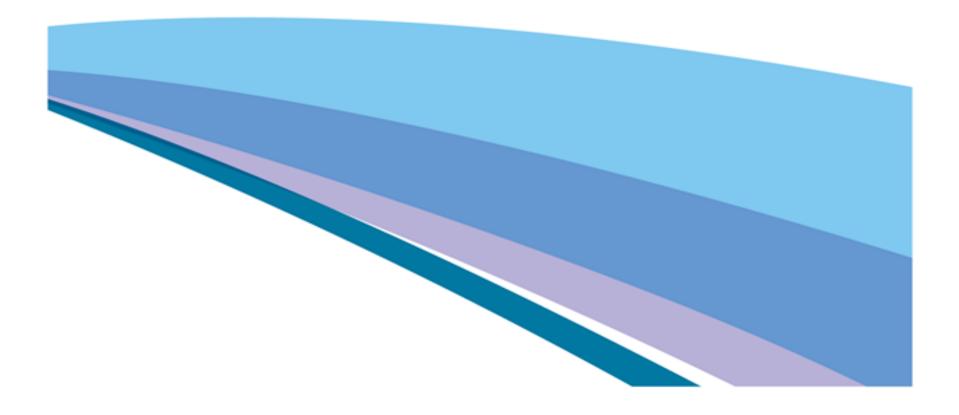
- Risk based approach: We will make decisions on how to provide services based on a balanced understanding of risk and reward.
- Any user device: We will provide our services to any appropriate and suitably secured device, whether or not it is owned and managed by UPC.



 Iterate. Then iterate again: The best way to build effective services is to start small and iterate wildly. Release Minimum Viable Products early, test them with real users, move from Alpha to Beta to Launch adding features and refinements based on feedback from real users.



# Background / History



### Background



- User Workshops Last Summer
  - London, Paris, Munich
  - 91 User Stories from Munich Workshop
  - 49 Included in the 2014 prototype
    - Login
    - Ease of use
    - Role based access
  - Court System User Stories
    - More work required Attended Patent Forum Venice to support mock trial
- Prototype (2014)
  - Case Management System
  - We completed rules 13-20 for the process of lodging a statement of claim
  - Build on User Needs
  - 181 Users
  - 217 Feedback
  - 100% Costs > 69.5% Reused

### What have we been doing?



- OJEU Procurement < Completed</li>
  - EU Compliant Procurement Process
- Building Final Solution
  - Hosting Germany
  - Case Management System Italy
  - Corporate Website UK
  - Central Email Service Netherlands

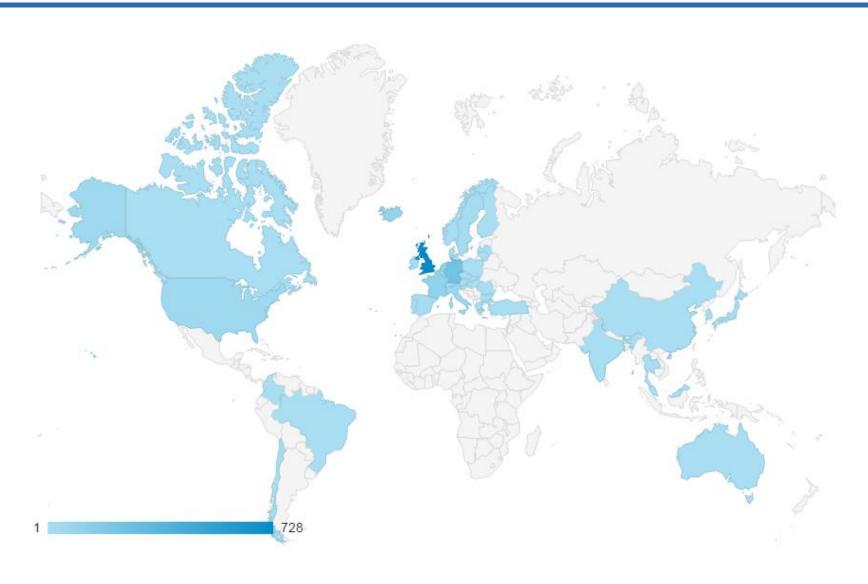
## Background



- Alpha (2015)
  - 181 Users
  - 217 Feedback
- Beta (2015/2016)
  - 345 Users
  - 456 Feedback

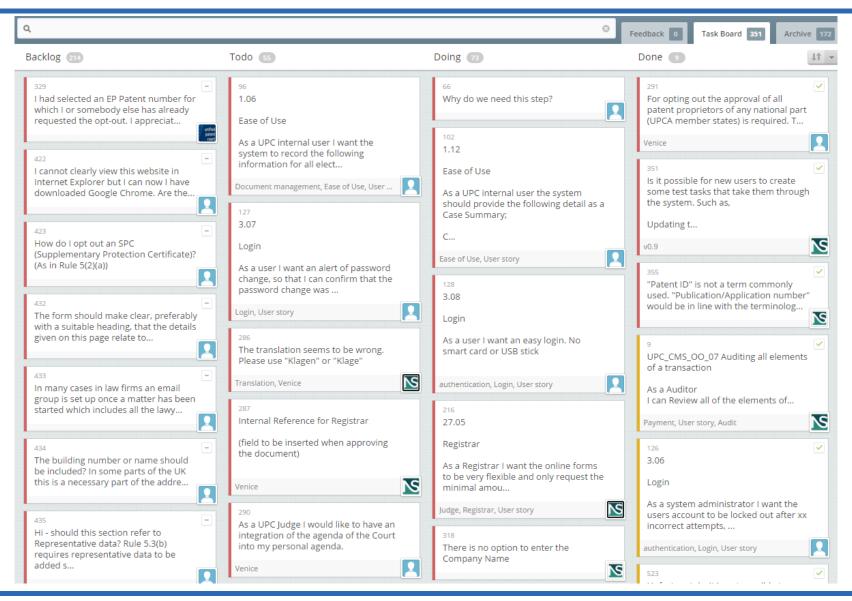
## Countries



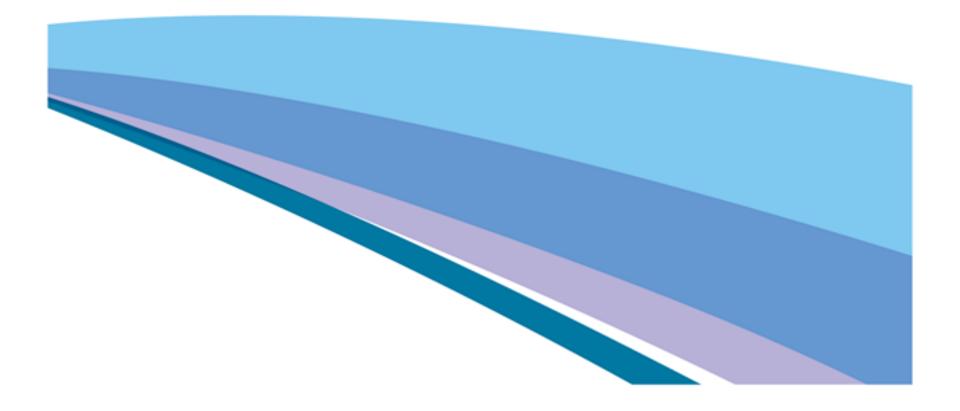


#### Feedback - BugHerd

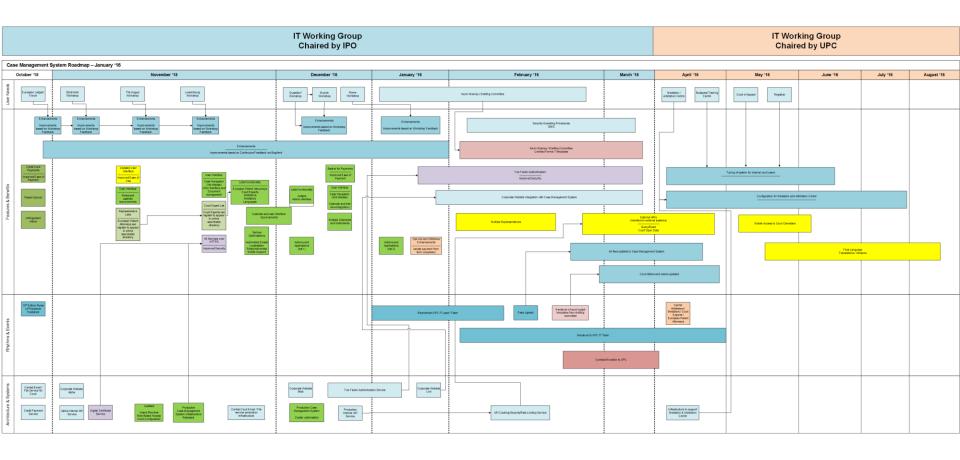














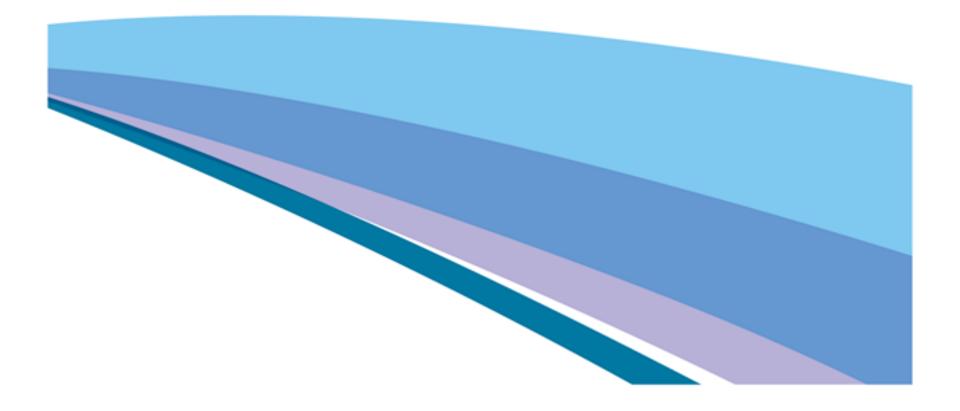
- January '16
  - Forms Review by Kevin Mooney and Drafting Committee
  - Certified Forms / Templates
- February '16
  - Forms Review by Kevin Mooney and Drafting Committee
  - Two Factor Authentication
    - Review STORK 2.0 www.eid-stork2.eu/
    - STORK is a platform which allows people to use their national electronic ID to establish new e-relations with foreign electronic services, which may be operated by public or private service providers. STORK 2.0 extends the STORK platform by allowing legal persons (such as companies) to be represented by natural persons.
  - External API
    - Workshop in London in February
  - Multiple Representatives
  - Integration New Corporate Website with Case Management System



- March '16
  - Additional Workshops for internal staff
  - Fees included in system
  - Handover to Luxembourg
- April '16
  - Internal Requirements
    - Arbitration / Mediation Centre
    - Budapest Training Centre
    - Court of Appeal



## Case Management System



#### Overview



- We will only ask for the data once
- Pre-populated where possible
- Input from Exert Panel / Drafting Committee

### Opt-Out



- Build a prototype to test with users
- Forms pre-populated with EPO patent data
- We will only ask for the data once
- Understand user needs better
- Input from Expert Panel
- Handover to UPC Finance Team
- Feedback via BugHerd
- Credit / Debit cards only during sun-rise period
   [Finance workstream are responsible for creating system to handle all other forms of payment]

## Withdrawal Opt-Out



- Use Existing Data
- One Click Withdrawal
- Feedback via BugHerd

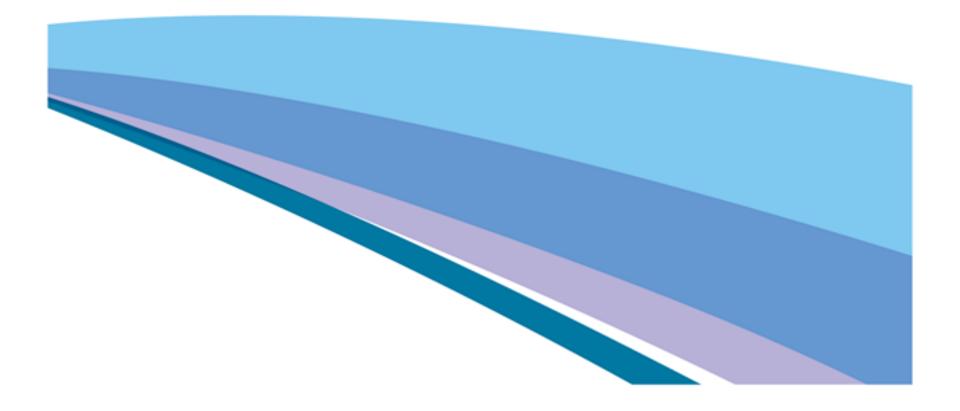
#### **Demonstration**



- Demonstrations
  - Opt-Out
  - Withdrawal Opt-Out



# **Corporate Website**



### Corporate Website





### Questions?



